



Qualification Specification



This qualification is part of ProQual's broad offer of qualifications in the Hair and Beauty Sector.

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Introduction

The ProQual Level 5 Diploma in Aesthetic Practice provides a nationally recognised qualification and progression pathway for those working in the beauty industry, and who are already experienced and qualified to carry out a range of aesthetic techniques such as micropigmentation and dermaplaning.

The aims of this qualification are:

- To develop an understanding of advanced aesthetic practice, professional standards and relevant anatomy, physiology and pathology.
- To demonstrate competence at carrying out advanced aesthetic treatments
- To provide a progression route within the beauty industry, for those interested in providing advanced aesthetic treatments.

The awarding body for this qualification is ProQual AB. This qualification has been approved for delivery in England and Northern Ireland. The regulatory body for this qualification is Ofqual, and this qualification has been accredited onto the Regulated Qualification Framework (RQF), and has been published in Ofqual's Register of Qualifications.



Qualification Profile

Qualification Title:	ProQual Level 5 Diploma in Aesthetic Practice				
Qualification Number:	610/5201/2				
Level:	Level 5				
Total Qualification Time (TQT):	435 Hours				
Guided Learning Hours (GLH):	320 Hours				
	Pass / Fail				
Assessment:	Internally assessed and verified by centre staff				
	External quality assured by ProQual Verifiers				
Qualification Start Date:	13/01/2025				
Qualification Review Date:	13/01/2028				



Learner Profile

Candidates for this qualification must:

 Hold a ProQual Level 4 Qualification in Aesthetic Practice, or an equivalent qualification.

AND

 Hold a currently valid Level 3 Award in First Aid at Work or Level 3 Award in Emergency First Aid certificate.

Candidates for this qualification should either:

 Be employed in a role where they will have the opportunity to carry out a number of advanced aesthetic treatments on a range of clients.

OR

 Be enrolled with a training provider, which will enable them to carry out a number of advanced aesthetic treatments on a range of simulated or real clients.

Candidates who complete this qualification, and who wish to further develop their knowledge and skills in the beauty sector, could progress to study the ProQual Level 7 Diploma in Aesthetic Practice.



Qualification Structure

This qualification consists of **five** mandatory units. Candidates must complete all mandatory units to complete this qualification.

Unit Number	Unit Title	Level	TQT	GLH					
Manda	Mandatory Units – Candidates must complete ALL units in this group.								
L/651/2397	Infection Control and Prevention for Cosmetic, Aesthetic and Needle Related Treatments	2	25	20					
Y/651/2444	Professional Practice for Aesthetic Practitioners	6	90	50					
M/651/2450	Anatomy and Physiology for Advanced Aesthetic Practice	6	120	90					
L/651/2413	Principles and Practice of Microneedling Treatments	5	100	80					
M/651/2414	Principles and Practice of Chemical Peel Treatments	5	100	80					



Centre Requirements

Centres must be approved to deliver this qualification. If your centre is not approved to deliver this qualification, please complete and submit the **ProQual Additional Qualification Approval Form.**

Materials produced by centres to support candidates should:

- Enable them to track their achievements as they progress through the learning outcomes and assessment criteria.
- Provide information on where ProQual's policies and procedures can be viewed.
- Provide a means of enabling Internal and External Quality Assurance staff to authenticate evidence.

Centres must have the appropriate equipment to enable candidates to carry out the practical requirements of this qualification.



Certification

Candidates who achieve the requirements for this qualification will be awarded:

- · A certificate listing all units achieved, and
- A certificate giving the full qualification title:

ProQual Level 5 Diploma in Aesthetic Practice

Claiming certificates

Centres may claim certificates for candidates who have been registered with ProQual and who have successfully achieved the qualification. All certificates will be issued to the centre for successful candidates.

Unit certificates

If a candidate does not achieve all of the units required for a qualification, the centre may claim a unit certificate for the candidate which will list all of the units achieved.

Replacement certificates

If a replacement certificate is required a request must be made to ProQual in writing. Replacement certificates are labelled as such and are only provided when the claim has been authenticated. Refer to the Fee Schedule for details of charges for replacement.



Assessment Requirements

Each candidate is required to produce a portfolio of evidence which demonstrates their achievement of all of the learning outcomes and assessment criteria for each unit.

Evidence can include:

- Observation report by assessor.
- Assignments/projects/reports.
- Professional discussion.
- Witness testimony.
- Candidate product.
- Worksheets.
- Record of oral and written questioning.
- Recognition of Prior Learning.

Candidates must demonstrate the level of competence described in the units. Assessment is the process of measuring a candidate's skill, knowledge and understanding against the standards set in the qualification.

Centre staff assessing this qualification must be **occupationally competent** and qualified to make assessment decisions. Assessors who are suitably qualified may hold a qualification such as, but not limited to:

- ProQual Level 3 Certificate in Teaching, Training and Assessment.
- ProQual Level 3 Award in Education and Training.
- ProQual Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment. (Suitable for assessment taking place in a working salon only.)
- ProQual Level 3 Award in Assessing Vocational Achievement.
 (Suitable for assessment taking place in a simulated training environment only.)

Candidate portfolios must be internally verified by centre staff who are **occupationally knowledgeable** and qualified to make quality assurance decisions. Internal verifiers who are suitably qualified may hold a qualification such as:

- ProQual Level 4 Award in the Internal QA of Assessment Processes and Practice.
- ProQual Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal QA of Assessment Processes and Practice.

Occupationally competent means capable of carrying out the full requirements contained within a unit. **Occupationally knowledgeable** means possessing relevant knowledge and understanding.



Enquiries, Appeals and Adjustments

Adjustments to standard assessment arrangements are made on the individual needs of candidates. ProQual's Reasonable Adjustments Policy and Special Consideration Policy sets out the steps to follow when implementing reasonable adjustments and special considerations and the service that ProQual provides for some of these arrangements.

Centres should contact ProQual for further information or queries about the contents of the policy.

All enquiries relating to assessment or other decisions should be dealt with by centres, with reference to ProQual's Enquiries and Appeals Procedures.



Units – Learning Outcomes and Assessment Criteria

Title:	Infecti Prever Aesthe Relate	ntioi etic	Level:	2		
Unit Number:	L/651/23	97	TQT:	25	GLH:	20
Learning Outcomes The learner will be ab			ssment Crite earner can:	eria		
infectious and infectious haze are associated	infectious and infectious hazards that are associated with cosmetic, aesthetic and needle		 Bact Fung Virus Describe the micro-organ Define the second part of the second part	eria. gi. es. e ideal conc nisms. term "patho nmon illness o eria.		
			• Virus	es.		
		1.5	Define the term "parasite".			ndonarasita
		1.0	Explain the difference between an endopo and an ectoparasite.			
			.7 Identify three common ectoparasites to colonise humans.			s that
			Explain the colonisation		etween infec	ction and
			Describe w	hat is meant	by:	
				alised infection		



1	Continued	1.10	Describe what is meant by:
			 Direct transmission. Indirect transmission. Vector transmission.
			Describe how, within the salon environment, an infective agent could:
			Enter the body.Be transmitted from person to person.
		1.12	Identify common non-infectious hazards that might arise as part of cosmetic, aesthetic or needle treatments.
		1.13	Explain how an injury to the skin can be a risk to an individual.
			Identify treatments within the salon that would require the use of infection control procedures.
2	Understand how to control non-infectious and infectious risk.	2.1	Explain the roles and responsibilities of the employer and employee in the prevention and control of infection.
		2.2	Explain how the skin acts as a defence against infection.
		2.3	Describe the procedures that would be followed, in relation to infection prevention and control, for:
			 Consultation. Aftercare. Hand hygiene. Environment management. Equipment management. Cleaning, disinfecting and sterilisation. Personal protective equipment. Management of body fluids. Needle stick injuries.
			Waste disposal and collection.Management of occupational exposure.





Additional Assessment Information

This unit is **knowledge based.** This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Centres may use the appropriate ProQual Candidate Workbook, or their own, centre devised, assignments.

This unit is a **common unit**. Centres should be aware that candidates may have completed this unit as part of another ProQual Hair and Beauty qualification and may be eligible for recognition of prior learning.



Title:				nal Practice for Practitioners 6
	Number:	Y/651/24		TQT: 90 GLH: 50
	ning Outcomes earner will be ab			essment Criteria earner can:
1	Understand the professional		1.1	Explain the role of the JCCP and CPSA.
	standards in paesthetic practitioners.	olace for	1.2	Explain the difference between "you must", "you shall" and "you should" when used in professional guidance.
		1.3	Explain the importance of always seeking informed consent from a client before undertaking a procedure.	
		1.4	Explain why the practitioner should always obtain consent themselves rather than delegating the responsibility.	
			1.5	 Explain why it is important to provide the following to clients, before they give their informed consent: Sufficient time. Evidence-based information about the products and equipment to be used. The benefits and risks of the proposed procedure. Information on the practitioner's qualifications and training. Clear information on treatment fees.
			1.6	Discuss the importance of considering the client's psychological and emotional needs, and whether a referral to a professional colleague is appropriate.



1	Continued	1.7	Explain why you must:
			 Refuse to perform treatments if you deem it not to be in the client's best interest. Refuse to perform treatments if you have grounds to believe it has potential to cause physical, psychological or emotional harm. Refuse to perform treatment if you believe the client's presentation is coercive and/or the procedure is not requested under their own volition.
		1.8	Discuss how cosmetic and aesthetic procedures can be marketed responsibly, including:
			 Not making unjustifiable claims about a treatment, your qualifications, training or experience. Not trivialising the risks involved. Not using promotional tactics that might encourage uninformed or ill-considered decisions. Not targeting, or marketing in a way that might target, people under the age of 18.
		1.9	Discuss the importance of carrying out an annual appraisal of own practice and competency, including seeking feedback from clients.
		1.10	Explain the indemnity and liability insurance requirements or aesthetic practices.
		1.11	Explain the importance of regular and relevant continuous professional development.
		1.12	Describe the "Safe Premises Standards".
		1.13	Describe the appropriate procedures for reporting adverse effects.



1	Continued	1.14	Discuss what is meant by a "duty of candour".
		1.15	Explain the appropriate procedures for whistle blowing if concerns about client safety arise which are not taken seriously.
		1.16	Explain the legislative requirements for taking and storing visual media of a client's treatment area.
		1.17	Explain the legislative requirements for storing and processing client's personal data.
2	Understand how to promote diversity and inclusion as an aesthetic	2.1	Discuss personal and organisational responsibilities and liabilities under equality, diversity and inclusion legislation.
	practitioner.	2.2	Discuss the different forms in which discrimination and harassment might take place.
		2.3	Explain the importance of an organisation's leaders making a commitment to promoting equality of opportunity, diversity and inclusion.
		2.4	Explain why it is important to lead by example in terms of own behaviour, words and actions to support a commitment to equality of opportunity, diversity and inclusion.
		2.5	Discuss how to recognise when the behaviour, words and actions of colleagues and clients does, and does not, support a commitment to equality of opportunity, diversity and inclusion and the actions that can be taken to correct behaviours.
		2.6	Discuss the importance of reviewing the diversity and needs of an organisation's current and potential clients to identify areas for improvement and how to review.
		2.7	Explain how to develop a written equality, diversity and inclusion policy and what it should cover.



2	Continued	2.8	Discuss how to communicate the organisation's equality, diversity and inclusion policy to all people who work for the organisation and other relevant parties.
		2.9	Discuss how to establish systems for monitoring, reviewing and reporting on progress in relation to equality of opportunity, diversity and inclusion within an organisation.
		2.10	Discuss how a client's culture, gender identity, sexuality, religious belief or other characteristics can affect their requirement in relation to aesthetic treatments.
3	3 Understand how to work with healthcare professionals as an aesthetic practitioner.	3.1	Discuss how aesthetic practitioners can work with healthcare providers to ensure best outcomes for clients.
		3.2	Explain the role of the prescriber.
		3.3	Evaluate methods used to communicate with healthcare professionals as an aesthetic practitioner.
		3.4	Explain the impact of poor communication between professionals on client outcomes.
		3.5	Discuss how and why conflict might arise between professionals and how this can be resolved.
4	Understand an aesthetic practitioner's safeguarding duties.	4.1	Describe how to obtain safeguarding information and guidance from the local authority.
		4.2	 Define the following types of abuse: Physical. Psychological. Sexual. Financial. Material. Discriminatory. Neglect.



4	Continued	4.3	Explain the signs of the following types of abuse: Physical. Psychological. Sexual. Financial. Material. Discriminatory. Neglect.
		4.4	Explain the appropriate action to take if, during the course of your practice, you suspect a client or another vulnerable person has suffered abuse.
		4.5	Explain the circumstances in which you can share confidential information without consent.
		4.6	Discuss how proper professional boundaries keep a client psychologically safe.
		4.7	Discuss good practice with regards to boundary setting.
		4.8	Describe five examples of crossing a professional boundary, and the detrimental effects this might have.
		4.9	Explain why it is not appropriate to provide non-surgical cosmetic interventions to children under 16 years of age.
		4.10	Explain how to determine if a child aged 16 or 17 has the competency to give consent.
		4.11	Discuss how and why to encourage a child aged 16 or 17 to involve their parents in any decision about non-surgical cosmetic treatments.





Additional Assessment Information

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This unit is a **common unit**. Centres should be aware that candidates may have completed this unit as part of another ProQual Hair and Beauty qualification and may be eligible for recognition of prior learning.



Title:		Anatomy and Physiology for Advanced Aesthetic Practice 6						6					
		M/651/24		TQT:	120		GLH:	90					
	ing Outcomes arner will be abl			ssmen earner c	t Criteria								
1	The learner will be able to: 1 Understand the anatomy and physiology of the integumentary system.		1.1	1		asale. um.	the epid	ermis, including:					
				1.2	Descri •	be the stru Papillary. Reticular.	oture of	the dern	nis, including:				
		1.3		ibe the stru taneous tis		ure and function of the e.							
			1.4	Explai function	Acting as barrier.	a chem sis of bio f body te	iical and logical co emperatu	mechanical ompounds. ire.					
			1.5	Descri gland		icture ar	nd functio	on of sebaceous					
		1.6	1.6		1	1	1.6	1.6	Descri gland		icture ar	nd functio	on of sweat
			1.7	Comp	are eccrin	ne and a	pocrine s	weat glands.					
			1.8		n how skin zpatrick sc		classified	according to					
			1.9		n how skin logau pho			according to					



1	Continued	1.10	Explain how skin can be classified according to the Lancer scale.
		1.11	Explain how skin can be classified according to the Rubins scale.
		1.12	Explain how skin can be classified according to the Monks skin tone scale.
		1.13	Explain how skin can be divided into skin-type, including:
			Dry.Oily.Combination.Balanced.
		1.14	Describe the symptoms and causes of the following skin conditions:
			 Lax elasticity. Hyperpigmentation. Hypopigmentation. Congested. Pustular. Fragile. Vascular. Sensitised. Sensitive. Dehydrated. Photo-sensitive. Photo-aged. Lack lustre.
		1.15	Compare vellus and terminal hairs.
		1.16	Describe the structure and function of the hair and hair follicle, including:
			 Medulla. Cortex. Cuticle. Huxley's layer. Henel's layer. Outer root sheath. Glassy membrane.



1	Continued	1.17	Explain the hair growth cycle, including:
			Anagen phase.Catagen phase.Telogen phase.
		1.18	Describe the structure and function of the nail, including:
			Nail plate.Nail folds.Nail matrix.Nail bed.Hyponychium.
		1.19	Explain how the integumentary system is supplied with blood, including:
			Direct cutaneous circulation.Musculocutaneous circulation.Fasciocutaneous circulation.
		1.20	Explain how the integumentary system is innervated, including:
			Pacinian corpuscles.Meissner's corpuscles.Reticular plexuses.
2	Understand the anatomy and physiology of the head	2.1	Identify the location of the bones of the skull, including:
	and neck.		 Frontal bone. Parietal bones. Occipital bone. Temporal bones. Sphenoid bone. Ethmoid bone. Maxillae.
			 Inferior nasal conchae. Lacrimal bones. Nasal bones. Palatine bones. Vomer. Zygomatic bones. Mandible.
		2.2	Describe the function of the bones of the skull.



2	Continued	2.3	 Describe the structure of the nose, including: Nasal cartilage. Septum. Nasal meatuses. Nasal bones.
		2.4	 Nasal cavity. Describe the structure and function of the ear, including:
			Inner ear.Middle ear.Outer ear.
		2.5	 Describe the structure of the eye, including: Cornea. Iris. Lens. Retina. Macula. Optic Nerve.
		2.6	Describe the structure and function of the eye adnexa, including: • Eyelids. • Conjunctiva. • Lacrimal apparatus. • Extraocular muscles.
		2.7	Explain how the structure of the neck is divided into triangles and compartments.
		2.8	Describe the location and function of the hyoid bone.
		2.9	Describe the location, structure and function of the:
			Thyroid gland.Parathyroid gland.Pharynx.Larynx.



2	Continued	2.10	Identify the location of the major arteries of the head and neck; and the structures to which they supply blood, including: Facial. Facial. Facial. Greater palatine. Descending palatine. Ophthalmic. External carotid. Internal carotid. Common carotid. Maxillary. Basilar. Lingual.
		2.11	Explain how the head and neck are innervated, including: Olfactory nerve. Ophthalmic nerve. Maxillary nerve. Optic nerve. Oculomotor nerve. Trochlear nerve. Trigeminal nerve. Abducens nerve. Mandibular nerve. Vagus nerve. Hypoglossal nerve. Facial nerve. Cervical plexus.
3	Understand the anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system.	3.1	Describe the structure and function of the heart, including: Atria. Ventricles. Septum. Myocardium. Endocardium. Epicardium. Sinoatrial node. Atrioventricular node. Tricuspid valve. Pulmonary valve. Bicuspid valve.



3	Continued	3.2	Describe the flow of blood during pulmonary circulation, including:
			Superior and inferior vena cava.Pulmonary vein.Pulmonary artery.
		3.3	Compare the structure of veins and arteries.
		3.4	Describe the hierarchy of blood vessels, including:
			Veins.Arteries.Venules.Arterioles.Capillaries.
		3.5	Describe the structure of the aorta, including:
			Ascending aorta.Arch of the aorta.
			Thoracic aorta.
			Abdominal aorta.
		3.6	Identify the major branches off the aorta, and the structures they supply, including:
			Brachiocephalic trunk.
			Left Carotid artery.
			Left subclavian artery.
			Left bronchial artery.Coeliac artery.
			 Superior mesenteric artery.
			Renal arteries.
			Gonadal arteries.
			Inferior mesenteric artery.Common iliac arteries.
			• Common line arrenes.
		3.7	Describe the structures involved in coronary circulation, including:
			 Coronary arteries.
			Marginal branch.
			Interventricular artery.
			Circumflex artery.



3	Continued	3.8	Describe the structure and function of the portal system.
		3.9	Explain the structure and function of anastomoses, including:
			 Direct anastomosis. Convergence anastomosis. Transverse anastomosis. Arteriovenous anastomosis. Portocaval anastomosis.
		3.10	Describe the structure and function of the blood plasma.
		3.11	Describe the structure and function of an erythrocyte.
		3.12	 Explain the blood grouping system, including: The alleles and genotypes. The involved antigens and antibodies. Compatibility for blood transfusion.
		3.13	Explain the structure and function of thrombocytes.
		3.14	Explain the structure and function of leukocytes, including: • Monocytes. • Lymphocytes. • Neutrophils. • Basophils. • Eosinophils.
		3.15	Describe the causes and symptoms of:
			 Arteriosclerosis. Coronary artery disease. Myocardial infarction. Ischemic stroke. Aneurysm. Varices. Cardiomyopathy.



4	Understand the anatomy and	4.1	Explain the function of the nervous system.
	physiology of the nervous system.	4.2	Compare the central and peripheral nervous system.
		4.3	Compare the somatic and autonomic nervous system.
		4.4	Compare the structure of:
			Multipolar neurons.Bipolar neurons.Pseudounipolar neurons.Unipolar neurons.
		4.5	Describe the structure of a neuron, including:
			 Cell body. Axon. Axon hillock. Dendrites. Myelin sheath. Schwann cell. Node of Ranvier.
		4.6	Describe the structure and function of a synapse, including:
			 Presynaptic terminal. Postsynaptic terminal. Synaptic cleft. Neuroreceptors. Neurotransmitters.
		4.7	Compare efferent and afferent neurones.
		4.8	Describe the structure and function of glial cells.
		4.9	Compare white and grey matter.
		4.10	Describe the structure and function of a reflex arc.
5	Understand the pathology associated with allergic reactions.	5.1	Explain what is meant by the terms "allergy" and "anaphylaxis".



5	Continued	5.2	Describe the structure and function of an IgE antibody.
		5.3	Compare anaphylaxis and anaphylactoid events.
		5.4	Explain how IgE antibodies mediate the anaphylaxis response.
		5.5	Explain the potential triggers of anaphylaxis.
		5.6	Explain the risk factors for anaphylaxis.
		5.7	Describe the symptoms of anaphylaxis.
		5.8	Explain how the presentation of anaphylaxis can differ according to the trigger.
		5.9	Explain the response to, and management of, anaphylaxis and allergic reactions within the salon.
6	Understand the process of wound healing.	6.1	Explain process that occur during each stage of wound healing, including:
			 Haemostasis. Inflammation. Cell proliferation. Epithelialisation. Tissue remodelling.
		6.2	Explain the process of a coagulation cascade.
		6.3	Describe the role of leukocytes in wound healing.
		6.4	Describe the role of growth factors in wound healing.
		6.5	Explain how and why abnormal scar formation occurs.
		6.6	Explain how to promote healthy wound healing.



Additional Assessment Information

This unit is **knowledge based**. This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Centres may use the appropriate ProQual Candidate Workbook, or their own, centre devised, assignments.



Title:	tle:			les and Practice of _{Level:} 5 eedling Treatments														
Unit N	lumber:	L/651/241	3	TQT:	100	GLH:	80											
			ssessment Criteria e learner can:															
1	Understand the principles and of microneec	d practice	1.1		-	repare the wi	orkspace and ts.											
	treatments.		1.2		e what a m w it works.	nicroneedling	treatment is											
			1.3	1		oose microne cteristics and	edles to suit the objectives.											
		1.4			efits, effects a er-assisted mic	nd limitations of croneedling.												
		1.5	the:	e correct o	depth for mici	roneedling on												
			1.6		Body.	ct of the follow	wing on											
			1.0		ent results:	or the follow	wing on											
																• T • F • #		
			1.7	wellbeir		comfort, hea ored during that atment.												
			1.8	may oc		our adverse re treatment ar ed.												



1	Continued	1.9	Explain the post-treatment advice and guidance that would be given to the client following a microneedling treatment.
2	Carry out microneedling treatments.		Prepare the workspace and self for microneedling treatment, including: Trolley. Couch. PPE.
		2.2	 Carry out a consultation with the client, including: Skin analysis. Client's concerns and objectives. Questioning to determine if there are any contraindications. Obtaining the informed consent of the client. Taking and storing consensual visual media of the pre-treatment area.
		2.3	 Carry out the microneedling treatment, in accordance with the treatment protocol, including: Selecting the correct tools and equipment. Applying the treatment at the appropriate depth. Monitoring the client's health and wellbeing throughout the treatment. Responding to any adverse effects that may occur.
		2.4	Take and store consensual visual media of the treatment area, in line with legislative, insurance and organisational requirements.



2	Continued	2.5	Complete and store the client's post-treatment records in line with in line with legislative, insurance and organisational requirements.
		2.6	Provide advice and instruction to the client, including: • Aftercare advice and instruction. • Future treatment needs.
		2.7	Evaluate own performance using reflective practice and take any appropriate action to improve future performance.



Additional Assessment Information

Learning Outcome 1 is **knowledge based.** This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Learning Outcome 2 is **competency based**. This means that the candidate is expected to perform the tasks, and demonstrate the level of competence, outlined in the assessment criteria. It is expected that evidence will be a combination following:

- Photographic and/or video evidence of the candidate's practical work.
- Assessor's observation report.
- Expert witness testimony.
- Candidate reflection on own practical work.

An observation report and witness testimony are differentiated as follows:

- An assessor's report is completed by a qualified assessor who observes the
 candidate carrying out practical work. The assessor will make assessment
 decisions as they observe and record these in the report, alongside a
 commentary of what they observe.
- A witness statement is completed by a suitably qualified or experienced expert who observes the candidate carrying out practical work. The witness statement will contain only a commentary of what has been observed. An assessor must then use the witness statement, alongside any additional evidence to make assessment decisions.
- In all cases, an assessor's report is preferred as evidence over a witness statement; as it is always better for an assessor to observe a candidate live.

Assessors may wish use to use a checklist or evidence matrix to organise and track the assessment outcomes that have been achieved, but these **do not**, in themselves, constitute evidence of achievement.

An assessor's report or witness statement alone is unlikely to be sufficient evidence of achievement. Reports and statements should always be accompanied by photographic and/or video evidence.

Centres may use the ProQual Level 5 Certificate in Microneedling Treatments and Skin Science Candidate Workbook to organise candidate evidence or may use their own portfolio templates.

It is expected that competence of each assessment criteria will be observed at least four times – twice on the face and twice on the body before it is awarded.

Evidence of practical skills **may** be simulated, provided:

- The simulated environment matches, as close as possible, the real-world working environment.
- The candidate performs any assessed treatment on a live model.



Title:		•		and Prac Peel Trec		Level:	5		
Unit N	umber:	M/651/241	4	TQT:	100	GLH:	80		
Learni The lec	ng Outcomes arner will be ab			sessment Criteria e learner can:					
1	Understand to principles and of chemical p	d practice	1.1	Describe ho chemical p			d workspace for		
	treatments.		1.2	Evaluate the available.	e different	types of ch	nemical peel		
			1.3	Explain the in place what treatments.	nile carrying		at must be put nical peel		
					1.4	Explain the manufactul chemical p	rer's instruc	ctions wher	ing n carrying out
				1.5		•	Fitzpatrick and Glog chemical peel treatr	•	
			1.6			iindication. aindicatior			
			1.7	Describe the			te eel treatments.		
			1.8	Describe the	•		arrying out		
				• Term	ication. ination. Treatment				



1	Continued	1.9	Analyse how the following affect the results of chemical peel treatments: Skin depth. Skin pH. Layering. Timing. Neutralisation. Frequency of treatment.
		1.10	Describe at least four adverse reactions that may occur during a chemical peel treatment, and how they would be managed.
		1.11	Describe the three stages of frosting.
		1.12	Explain "treatment allocated timing".
2	Carry out chemical peel treatments.	2.1	Prepare the workspace and self for chemical peel treatment, including: Trolley. Couch. PPE.
		2.2	 Carry out a consultation with the client, including: Skin analysis. Client's concerns and objectives. Questioning to determine if there are any contraindications. Obtaining the informed consent of the client. Taking and storing consensual visual media of the pre-treatment area.



2	Continued	2.3	 Carry out the chemical peel treatment, in accordance with the treatment protocol, including: Selecting the correct tools and equipment. Applying the type of chemical peel. Monitoring the client's health and wellbeing throughout the treatment. Responding to any adverse effects that may occur.
		2.4	Take and store consensual visual media of the treatment area, in line with legislative, insurance and organisational requirements.
		2.5	Complete and store the client's post-treatment records in line with in line with legislative, insurance and organisational requirements.
		2.6	Provide advice and instruction to the client, including: • Aftercare advice and instruction. • Future treatment needs.
		2.7	Evaluate own performance using reflective practice and take any appropriate action to improve future performance.



Additional Assessment Information

Learning Outcome 1 is **knowledge based.** This means that evidence is expected to take the form of candidate's written work and/or records of appropriate professional discussions.

Learning Outcome 2 is **competency based.** This means that the candidate is expected to perform the tasks, and demonstrate the level of competence, outlined in the assessment criteria. It is expected that evidence will be a combination following:

- Photographic and/or video evidence of the candidate's practical work.
- Assessor's observation report.
- Expert witness testimony.
- Candidate reflection on own practical work.

An observation report and witness testimony are differentiated as follows:

- An assessor's report is completed by a qualified assessor who observes the
 candidate carrying out practical work. The assessor will make assessment
 decisions as they observe and record these in the report, alongside a
 commentary of what they observe.
- A witness statement is completed by a suitably qualified or experienced expert who observes the candidate carrying out practical work. The witness statement will contain only a commentary of what has been observed. An assessor must then use the witness statement, alongside any additional evidence to make assessment decisions.
- In all cases, an assessor's report is preferred as evidence over a witness statement; as it is always better for an assessor to observe a candidate live.

Assessors may wish use to use a checklist or evidence matrix to organise and track the assessment outcomes that have been achieved, but these **do not**, in themselves, constitute evidence of achievement.

An assessor's report or witness statement alone is unlikely to be sufficient evidence of achievement. Reports and statements should always be accompanied by photographic and/or video evidence.

Centres may use the ProQual Level 5 Certificate in Chemical Peel Treatments Candidate Workbook to organise candidate evidence or may use their own portfolio templates.

It is expected that competence of each assessment criteria will be observed at least twice before it is awarded.

Evidence of practical skills **may** be simulated, provided:

- The simulated environment matches, as close as possible, the real-world working environment.
- The candidate performs any assessed treatment on a live model.



Appendix One – Command Verb Definitions

The table below explains what is expected from each **command verb** used in an assessment objective. Not all verbs are used in this specification

Apply	Use existing knowledge or skills in a new or different context.
Analyse	Break a larger subject into smaller parts, examine them in detail and show how these parts are related to each other. This may be supported by reference to current research or theories.
Classify	Organise information according to specific criteria.
Compare	Examine subjects in detail, giving the similarities and differences.
Critically Compare	As with compare, but extended to include pros and cons of the subject. There may or may not be a conclusion or recommendation as appropriate.
Describe	Provide detailed, factual information about a subject.
Discuss	Give a detailed account of a subject, including a range of contrasting views and opinions.
Explain	As with describe, but extended to include causation and reasoning.
Identify	Select or ascertain appropriate information and details from a broader range of information or data.
Interpret	Use information or data to clarify or explain something.
Produce	Make or create something.
State	Give short, factual information about something.
Specify	State a fact or requirement clearly and in precise detail.





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